Remote Ischemic Preconditioning
and Contrast-Induced Acute Kidney Injury
in patients undergoing
elective percutaneous coronary intervention

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Running title: Stokfisz et al. RIPC and CI-AKI in patients undergoing elective PCI
Statistical Analysis Plan

We will perform statistical analysis using the STATISTICA 12.5 (StatSoft Inc., Tulsa, OK, USA). For all the tests we will use $p = 0.05$ as the statistical significance level. Categorical variables will be summarized as frequencies with percentage. Shapiro–Wilk test will be used to assess the normal distribution of variables. Non-parametric statistics will be used when variables had other than normal distribution. Continuous variables with other than normal distribution will be expressed as medians quartile 25 (Q25), quartile 75 (Q75) with interquartile range (IQR). Correlations will be assessed by using Spearman’s rank correlation coefficient. Differences between continuous variables will be compared by using Mann–Whitney $U$ test, whereas differences between categorical variables will be compared by chi-squared test with Yates’s correction for continuity. The Wilcoxon signed-rank test will be used to compare repeated measurements. To assess the suitability of NGAL values in CI-AKI occurrence probability estimation, the receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curve analysis will be performed.