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# High Intensity Functional Training in the Rehabilitation of Cancer Survivors

## Study protocol of a pragmatic clinical trial

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Title page

1 **Title**

2 High Intensity Functional Training in the rehabilitation of cancer survivors: Study protocol of a  
3 pragmatic clinical trial

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17

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58

## 59 Background and rationale

60 Cancer survivors experience a variety of ongoing physical and psychological symptoms associated  
61 with both disease and treatment (1,2). Additionally, cancer survivors have an increased risk of  
62 serious chronic health sequelae and comorbid conditions such as cardiovascular disease and  
63 diabetes (2). These poor health outcomes among cancer survivors have led to greater emphasis on  
64 interventions to enhance health outcomes such as health-related quality of life (HRQoL) and  
65 cancer-related fatigue (CRF) (3).

66 Aerobic training as well as resistance training are both exercise interventions associated with a  
67 number of health benefits in survivors of a variety of cancers (4–7). Thus, clinical guidelines  
68 worldwide recommend both regular aerobic- and resistance training as an essential part of the

69 rehabilitation of cancer survivors during and after active cancer treatment (1,8,9).  
70 Furthermore, aerobic training and resistance training performed at high intensity has been reported  
71 as a feasible and safe intervention for patients with various different cancer diagnosis and in  
72 different stages of cancer. It can provide objective physiological benefits as well as improve  
73 HRQoL, CRF and depression among cancer survivors (4,5,7,10–12).  
74 High Intensity Functional Training (HIFT) has been defined as a style of training that incorporates  
75 functional, multimodal movements, performed at relatively high intensity, and designed to improve  
76 parameters of general physical fitness and performance (13). In recent years HIFT has gained  
77 increasing attention in the fitness industry and in research (14), especially due to the increased  
78 popularity of the HIFT program CrossFit© (13). Recently trials, using HIFT protocols, have  
79 reported benefits in healthy adults including physiological improvements such as increased oxygen  
80 consumption, improved body composition and bone health (15,16).  
81 One identified study by Heinrich et al examined the effectiveness and feasibility of 5 weeks of  
82 HIFT among cancer survivors with a variety of cancer diagnoses. The study included 8 participants  
83 and reported that the intervention was well-received, feasible and associated with a significant  
84 improvement in emotional functioning and body composition.  
85 HIFT is viewed as a promising type of training (13,17), that has shown numerous physiological  
86 benefits (15,16,18) and has shown preliminary effectiveness and feasibility among cancer survivors  
87 (17).  
88 Furthermore, several reports and clinical guidelines recommend the prescription of exercise  
89 programs that are enjoyable and facilitates social interactions, motivation and continued  
90 participation to reduce risk of the development of comorbid conditions and late-appearing effects  
91 of cancer and its treatment (1,8,19). HIFT has been reported to be associated with higher levels of  
92 enjoyment than more traditional resistance training, and to facilitate adherence, continued  
93 participation and sense of community among healthy participants (18,20).

## 95 **Objective**

96 The primary objective of this pragmatic clinical trial is to test the feasibility of the intervention in a  
97 real world setting and secondary, to describe whether the HRQoL of the participants changes from  
98 baseline to end-point and follow up time points. Furthermore, we will investigate the association  
99 between the leisure-time HIFT and the HRQoL.

100

## 101 **Methods: Participants interventions and outcomes**

102 This study protocol is reported according to the Guidelines for Inclusion of Patient-Reported  
103 Outcomes in Clinical Trial Protocols (SPIRIT-PRO) Extension.

104

### 105 **Design and study setting**

106 This study is a single group clinical trial. A pragmatic design will be applied for this study to  
107 increase transferability, generalizability and the external validity of the results into clinical practise.  
108 Thus, the clinical setting for the intervention will be at the municipality rehabilitation centre, *Centre*  
109 *for Cancer and Health Copenhagen (CCHC)*, in the capitol region of Denmark.

110 The exercise intervention will be implemented as a part of regular practice at the centre and will be  
111 supervised by CCHC's physiotherapists. Two co-authors of this protocol (MS and RD) are  
112 employed as physiotherapists at CCHC. They have contributed in designing this study to fit the  
113 clinical reality and the specific patient group at CCHC. This is another way increasing the external  
114 validity of the results of this study, and to 'bridge the gap' between research and clinical practise.  
115 This implementation of community-based clinicians in physiotherapy research has previously been  
116 recommended in the literature (21,22).

117

### 118 **Eligibility criteria**

119 Due to the pragmatic design of this study, only few inclusion- and exclusion criteria will be applied.  
120 Patients will be considered eligible for inclusion when they; 1) are at least 18 years old, 2) are  
121 referred to the centre for cancer rehabilitation from any hospital or private practising general  
122 practitioner in the Capital Region in Denmark, 3) Choosing to participate in group based high  
123 intensity functional training that is offered at CCHC as part of their physical rehabilitation.  
124 Eligibility for participation in this study will be regardless of cancer treatment and the stage of the  
125 cancer. Thus, both patients undergoing active cancer treatment, patient who have completed active  
126 treatment as well as chronic cancer survivors will be considered eligible for participation in this  
127 study.

128 The following exclusion criteria will be applied for this study: 1) Not able to reply to the  
129 questionnaire due to mental impairment, 2) Patients who are not able to read and understand

130 Danish, 3) Patients who does not have an e-mail address because of the application of online-based  
131 questionnaires.

132

### 133 Intervention

134 The exercise intervention for this study will be HIFT, as defined by Feito et al and described in the  
135 introduction of this study protocol (13). The program design and template will be based on the  
136 principles of the HIFT program called CrossFit®. CrossFit is described as a strength and  
137 conditioning program that focuses on “constantly varying functional movements, performed at a  
138 relatively high intensity” (23). CrossFit training includes a variety of elements from gymnastics  
139 (e.g., floor, bar and ring exercises), weightlifting exercises (e.g., squats, cleans, snatches and presses  
140 with a barbell, dumbbell or kettlebell), and cardiovascular activities (e.g., running or rowing) (24).

141  
142 All group training sessions will take place in a clinical setting at CCHC.

143 The full exercise protocol template is designed as a 38-week HIFT program, as the inclusion of  
144 participants will be consecutive. All participants will complete 16 weeks of twice weekly group-  
145 based HIFT sessions, under the supervision of two physiotherapists, specifically trained to deliver  
146 the HIFT program. Given the consecutive nature of this inclusion process, the participants will  
147 initiate the group-based training at different dates between august 5<sup>th</sup> 2019 and January 5<sup>th</sup> 2019 (see  
148 figure 2 for process of HIFT program implementation and figure 3 for timeline of the study period  
149 with important dates).

150

151 Each training session will last for one hour and 15 minutes and will include a general warmup, a  
152 strength-focused section including 1-3 exercises and a aerobic-focused workout.

153 The exercise program is not developed to include a general progression in terms of resistance,  
154 intensity or volume over the cause of 38 weeks. An exercise compendium will be developed to meet  
155 one of the key principles of CrossFit, that is scalability (25). The compendium will include  
156 movement standards as well as progressions and regressions of all included exercises. This is to  
157 assist the supervising physiotherapists in choosing the relevant level of intensity and exercise  
158 difficulty for each participant, and to allow for individual progression over the cause of the 16-week  
159 exercise intervention period for each participant.

160

161 **Patient-reported outcomes**

162 **EORTC:**

163 EORTC QLQ-C-30 includes five functional domains (physical, role, cognitive, emotional and  
164 social, where higher scores represent greater function or quality of life) and three symptom scales  
165 (fatigue, pain and nausea). Functional and symptom scales range from 0 to 100. Higher values on  
166 functional scales equal a higher level of functioning. Higher values on symptom scales equal higher  
167 symptom burden. EORTC QLQ-C-30 is chosen for its established reliability and validity with  
168 specific emphasis on use in cancer populations (26, 27).

169 **GLTEQ:**

170 Leisure time physical activity (LTPA) will be assessed using an original Danish translation of the  
171 Godin-Shephard Leisure-Time Physical Activity Questionnaire (GSLTPAQ). The GSLTPAQ is  
172 frequently used in oncology research to assess LTPA.

173 The GSLTPAQ is a 4-item self-administered questionnaire. The first three questions ask for  
174 information on the number of times the respondent engages in mild, moderate and strenuous LTPA  
175 bouts of at least 15 min duration in a typical week. A score is then calculated for total leisure time  
176 based on the numerical values attributed to each of the three categories (9 for strenuous, 5 for  
177 moderate and 3 for light) multiplied by the frequency of the activity. The scores derived from this  
178 method is called a Leisure Score Index (LSI). In addition, scores obtained from moderate and  
179 strenuous physical activity can be used to classify respondents into active and insufficiently active  
180 categories.

181 A recently published systematic review by Amireault et al, supports the use of the GSLTPAQ in  
182 oncology research and the interpretation of the LSI for assessing relative change in PA among  
183 cancer survivors.

184

185 **Primary outcomes**

186 HRQoL will be evaluated using the Global Health Status/Quality of Life item from the EORTC  
187 QLQ-C-30 questionnaire. The item ranges from 0 to 100, and higher values equal higher HRQoL.

188 Time frame: for each participant at baseline + end point at 16 weeks + follow up at 3 month and 12  
189 months)

190

191

## 192 **Secondary outcomes**

193 The secondary outcomes include functional scales (physical, role, emotional, cognitive, and social)  
194 and symptom scales (fatigue, nausea and vomiting, pain, dyspnea, insomnia, appetite loss,  
195 constipation, diarrhea, and financial difficulties) from the EORTC QLQ-C30 questionnaire).

196 In addition to the EORTC QLQ-C30 scales, leisure-time exercise will be included as a secondary  
197 outcome and will be assessed using the GSLTPAQ, including the frequency and duration of mild,  
198 moderate and strenuous exercise.

199 [Time frame for each participant: Baseline + end point at 16 weeks + follow up at 3 months and 12  
200 months]

201 Continued participation in any high intensity functional training (post-intervention HIFT) will be  
202 assessed using a single-item modified version of the (GSLTPAQ) asking participants: *During a*  
203 *typical 7-Day period (a week), how many times on the average do you do High Intensity Functional*  
204 *Training (I.E. CrossFit) for more than 15 minutes during your free time.* The participant responds  
205 by typing how many times per week, starting from zero.

206 [Time frame: for each participant at follow up at 3 month and 12 months]

207

208

## 209 **Participation timeline**

210 The inclusion of participants will be consecutive as patients are referred to CCHC for physical  
211 cancer rehabilitation from various hospitals in the Capital Region in Denmark (see figure 1 for  
212 participation flow of each participant).

213 Self-reported baseline data will be collected using online questionnaires sent out to patients via  
214 email within four days prior to beginning the supervised HIFT intervention. After completing the 16  
215 weeks of high intensity functional training the patient will receive an end point questionnaire.

216 Three months following completing the exercise intervention, participants will be contacted via  
217 email to complete a follow-up questionnaire also including questions regarding continued  
218 participation in HIFT. All participants will receive an identical follow-up questionnaire 12 month



219 after completing the intervention.

220

## 221 **Sample size**

222 Due to the exploratory nature of this study, no power calculation will be conducted. As the  
223 inclusion of participants will be consecutive, the anticipated number of included participants will be  
224 estimated based on the average monthly number of patients that begins the group based training  
225 during clinical practise at the centre. The average number of patients who is referred to the  
226 rehabilitation centre and who begins the HIFT training every month is 6 and thus, it is expected that  
227 a total of approximately 30 participants will be included in this study during a 22-week consecutive  
228 inclusion period that runs from august 5<sup>th</sup> 2019 to January 5<sup>th</sup>. All participants will be asked to  
229 complete both baseline-, end point- and three-month follow-up assessment.

230

## 231 **Recruitment**

232 Due to the pragmatic design there will be no recruitment through advertisement. Recruitment will  
233 take place by asking eligible patients referred to CCHC, if they would like to participate in the  
234 study. This recruitment will take place during an initial rehabilitation planning session with a  
235 physiotherapist two days prior to the first HIFT session. Patients will be made aware that they have  
236 two days to consider participating in the study (written participant information can be found in  
237 [appendix 1](#)).

238

## 239 **Methods: Data collection, management and analysis**

### 240 **Data collection methods**

#### 241 **Plan for assessment and collection of outcomes**

242 All primary and secondary outcomes are participant-reported and will be administered through the  
243 online survey tool: SurveyXact. All included participants will receive an email with an electronic  
244 SurveyXact\_invitation to the baseline questionnaire the same days as providing written consent to  
245 participate in the study. On the day of the final HIFT session (week 16), the participants will receive  
246 a similar SurveyXact\_invitation with the end-point questionnaire. The three and 12-month follow up  
247 assessments will be administered in identical ways to the end-point assessment.

248

249 **Patient characteristics**

250 Demographic variables will be included in the baseline questionnaire. These will include self-  
251 reported information about: sex, body mass index, educational level, employment, smoking status  
252 and physical activity level, and will be collected together with information on cancer type, time  
253 since cancer diagnosis, time since active treatment and cancer treatment type.

254

255 **Registration of adverse events, plans to promote participant retention and complete follow  
256 up:**

257 Adverse events and reasons for drop out from discontinued participant will be collected by  
258 practising physiotherapists at CCHC.

259 To minimize non-response and loss to follow-up participants will receive a reminder by email 4 and  
260 14 days after receiving the email with end-point and follow-up questionnaire if they haven't  
261 provided their responses.

262

263 **Data management**

264 All outcomes will be handled and stored electronically on a secure server for personal data, located  
265 at the University of Copenhagen.

266 No personal data will be exported from SurveyXact without pseudonymization. Complete  
267 anonymization of all data will be done after the last follow up period. Data protection agency  
268 approval Reference number: 514-0306/19-3000

269

270 **Statistical methods**

271 Descriptive statistics will be used to summarize patient characteristics including age, sex, cancer  
272 diagnosis and type of treatment. Furthermore, leisure-time HIFT exercise and HRQoL at baseline  
273 will be summarized using the GSLTPAQ LSI score and the EORTC QLQ-C30 GH score  
274 respectively. Quantile Quantile plots and histograms will be used to evaluate distribution of  
275 standardized residuals. Continuous data with normally distributed standardized residuals will be  
276 summarized using parametric statistics. Continuous data with without normally distributed  
277 standardized residuals will be summarized as ordinal data, using non-parametric statistics.  
278 Categorical data will be summarized using frequencies and % of total.

279 The EORTC QLQ outcomes will be conducted according to the EORTC QLQ-C30 scoring manual  
280 (ref fayes 2001). Numerical data for each outcome with normal distributed standardized residuals,  
281 will be analysed from baseline to end-point with parametric statistics (paired t-test with equal  
282 variance). Single-Factor Repeated Measures Design will be conducted with a repeated measures  
283 one-way analysis of variance with four within subject time levels: baseline, end-point, three month  
284 follow up, and 12-month follow up. Summary statistics will include mean and confidence intervals  
285 for each outcome.

286 Numerical data for each outcome, without normal distributed standardized residuals, or ordinal data  
287 will be analyzed from baseline to end-point with non-parametric statistics (Wilcoxon signed-ranks  
288 test). Single-Factor Repeated Measures Design will be conducted with a Friedman two-way  
289 analysis of variance by ranks with four within subject time levels: baseline, end-point, three months  
290 follow up, and 12-month follow up. Summary statistics will include medians and interquartile  
291 ranges for each outcome, and visualizations will include bar charts with confidence intervals.

292 The association between leisure-time HIFT exercise and HRQoL will be analyzed on each time  
293 point with a linear regression model. To test whether the associations varies, the coefficients from  
294 the linear regression analyses will be compared.

295 Stata 15.1 (StataCorp, College Station, TX, USA) will be used for all statistical analyses and  
296 illustrations and an alpha level of 0.05 or less will be considered statistically significant.

297

## 298 **Ethics and dissemination**

299 The study will be performed according to the Declaration of Helsinki.

300 The Regional Scientific Ethics Committee of Capitol Region in Denmark has reviewed the outline  
301 of this study. The committee waived the need for ethical approval as the intervention in the study is  
302 a part of the regular practice at the CCHC. Thus, the committee proclaimed that the study included  
303 “no or minimal health intervention”. Such studies can be implemented without permission from the  
304 Ethics Committee according to Danish legislation (Committee Act § 2).

305 All included participants will provide written informed consent to participate in this study.

306 The study findings will be disseminated in peer reviewed journals and will be presented at national  
307 conferences.

308

309

310 [Locations](#)

311 Center for Kræft og Sundhed København, Capital Region, Denmark, 2200 Copenhagen N.

312

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317

318 [Principal investigator](#)

319 Andreas Lund Hessner

320

321

322 [Authors contributions](#)

323 ALH (principle investigator. ALH is the study coordinator and is responsible for, data collection, developing the  
324 exercise intervention program and drafting of the manuscript. ALH and RT are responsible for data analysis. All  
325 authors contributed to the design of the study. All authors will edit and approve the final manuscript.

326

327 [Acknowledgements](#)

328 No funds are present at current stage.

329

330 [Abbreviations \(In chronological order\)](#)

331 CS – Cancer Survivors

332 HRQoL – Health-related Quality of Life

333 CRF – Cancer-Related Fatigue

334 HIFT - High Intensity Functional Training

335 CKSK – Center for Kræft og Sundhed København (Center for Cancer and Health Copenhagen)

336 WOD – Workout of the Day

337 EORTC QLQ-C30 – European Organization for Research and Treatment of Cancer Quality of Life Questionnaire-C30

338 GLTEQ – Godin Leisure-time Exercise Questionnaire

339

340 [Declarations of interests](#)

341 ALH and RTL are both part time employees at the CrossFit affiliate CrossFit Copenhagen Aps. CrossFit Copenhagen  
342 has supplied some additional exercise equipment for the intervention and offered the five supervising physiotherapists  
343 from CCHC spots on their Trainers Course in order to develop and improve the physiotherapists HIFT-specific

344 instruction skills. ALH and RTL have not received any funds neither CrossFit Copenhagen or CCHC, nor will they  
345 during the conduction of this study. The study is not a part of ALH and RTL's occupation at CrossFit Copenhagen.

346

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426  
427

## 428 **Appendices**

### 429 **Appendix 1**

430

### 431 **Information concerning participation in a scientific research study**

#### 432 **Trial title:**

433 *High Intensity Functional Training in the rehabilitation of cancer survivors – A pragmatic*  
434 *Intervention Study*

435

436 We would like to ask you, if you would like to participate in a trial carried out at the Centre  
437 for Cancer and Health Copenhagen. The research trial is conducted by the University of  
438 Copenhagen and physiotherapist Andreas Lund Hessner.

439

440 Before you decide, whether you want to participate, you have to fully understand what the purpose  
441 of the study and why it is being conducted. Therefore, we would like to ask you to read this  
442 participant information thoroughly.

443 If you decide to participate in this study, we would like to ask you to sign a written consent  
444 statement. We would like to remind you that you are allowed time to consider before you decide  
445 whether you want to sign the written consent statement.

446 Participation in this study is voluntary. At any time, and without reason you have the right to  
447 withdraw your consent. Withdrawing from participation in this study will not have any  
448 consequences for your further treatment and rehabilitation.

#### 449 **Purpose**

450 The purpose of this study is to investigate, whether 16 weeks of High intensity functional training  
451 improves the health-related quality of health in cancer survivors.

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453 There is only one intervention group in this study and no control-group. There is therefore no  
454 randomization, and thus, all participants will complete 16 weeks of CrossFit-based exercise  
455 supervised by physiotherapists. CrossFit is a strength and conditioning program, that incorporates  
456 different exercise with both free weights and bodyweight movements.

#### 458 **Plan for study period**

459 With your consent you agree to participate in 16-week weeks of group-based exercise including two  
460 weekly exercise sessions.

461 Prior to starting the intervention, we are going to ask you to complete a questionnaire with  
462 questions concerning cancer treatment, symptoms and physical activity level.

463 Immediately following 16-week intervention period you will receive another questionnaire. Three  
464 and 12 months following completion of the intervention period we will ask you to complete two  
465 identical questionnaires.

466 Following completion, the results of this trial will be published in scientific journals and will be  
467 presented at national medical conferences. All your personal information in this study is  
468 anonymised.

#### 471 **Your health information**

472 All outcome in this study is going to be collected through questionnaires. This means that we will  
473 only collect information about you through these electronic questionnaires. Thus, there will not be  
474 collected information about you or your health from medical records of any kind.

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479 If you consent to participate in this study, we will ask you for your e-mail address and as previously  
480 stated you will be asked to complete a total of four questionnaires. If you consent to participate we  
481 will in within the next two days send you the baseline questionnaire electronically.

482 We ask you to complete this questionnaire before your first High intensity functional training  
483 session in the intervention.

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#### 485 **Relevance and benefits of the study**

486 You will contribute to new knowledge and insights concerning the physical rehabilitation of people  
487 living with cancer, including the types of exercise, that might be beneficial for cancer survivors.



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**Potential side-effects, risks and complications**

	<b>Non serious potential side-effects</b>	<b>Serious</b>	<b>Long term risks</b>
Side-effects	Muscle and joint pain Potential passing discomfort during the exercise sessions such as shortness of breath or dizziness	None	None

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There may occur risks associated with this study, that we do not yet know about. We ask you to notify us, if you are to experience any health problems or concerns, during your participation in the study.

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**Exclusion or interruption of study**

If the health personnel at Centre for Cancer and Health Copenhagen assess that there may be health circumstances, which may imply that your continuation in this study may be associated with any type of risk, your participation in this study will be terminated. In this case the health personal will assist you in finding the best course of action.

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**Information about economic/financial conditions**

No financial benefits are associated with your participation in this study.

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**Access to study results**

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One peer reviewed article will be published in a scientific journal, during the fall of 2020.

The results of this study will upon publication be communicated to various media and through the website of Centre for Cancer and health Copenhagen.

We hope that you through this information have received adequate insights into what it entails to participate in this study, and that you feel appropriately informed to make the decision whether to participate. We ask you to read the attached amendment concerning "subjects rights in health scientific research projects".

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If you would like more information about the study, we recommend you to contact project leader

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Andreas Lund Hessner

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Telephone: 51964161

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Best regards,

Andreas Lund Hessner, PT, MSc.